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F-179 T-935 P-021

1 March 1954

NEMORANDUM FOR RECORD:

· 7022950877

SUBJECT: Command Briefing, 1100, 28 February 1954

Members present: Gen Clarkson, Gen McGinley, Dr. Graves, Adm Bruton, Col Cowart, Lt Col Harbour (in lieu of CTG 7.4) Capt Maynerd, Lt Col Bonnot, and Lt Col House.

- 1. In general, the hodograph gave a forecast surface radex in the low levels (zero to 15,000 feet) at about 50 miles in 6 nours, generally orientated to the west south west in approximately a 30 degree sector. In the high levels, the radex gave a 6 hour pattern centered on approximately 65 degrees in a marrow cone approximately 20 degrees wide.
- 2. The 72-hour cloud trajectories indicated all levels is a narrow band generally 65 degrees true from ground zero except the 10,000 foot level moving generally east through north to west and a 60,000 foot level moving southwest and then west.
 - RadSafe outlooks were given as follows:
 - Bikini atoll: Favorable.
 - b. Eniwetok atoll: Pavorable.
 - c. Ujelang atoll: Very favorable.
 - Native atolls in southeast quadrant: Very favorable.
 - Control DDE: It was recommended that the Controll DIE be moved from a position 90 miles Test of Ground Zero to a position 230 degrees True, 90 miles from Ground Zero.
 - f. ATF and the YAGS: The plot of the YAGS and ATF courses from about E minus 24 hours to E plus 2 hours was interest. In general, from about H minus 5 to about E minus 3 hours to ATTS and YAGS courses run approximately 15 to 20 miles from the ermed device and the Alf departs from a position on the edge of the low eltitude rader at about E minus la nours to a position approxiimately 35 miles south of ground zero at E plus 2. The more meately of the YAGS and AMF were presented for whatever consideration was necessary in view of their close promisty to the levice and the radex.

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- g. No closure was recommended on air and surface routes through Wake and Kwajalein.
- h. We transient shipping was reported within 500 miles of Ground Zero. It was pointed out that B minus Z and B minus 1 P2V sweep had been sent out on headings of 300 degrees and 330 degrees respectively. This was based on earlier forecasts. Since the winds shifted around to a narrow band to the KNE, it was recommended that a B day P2V sweep along a bearing line approximately 65 degrees be laid on.
- i. It was recommended that CINCPAC be advised of the following:
 - (1) 72 hours trajectories.
 - (2) Very favorable outlook for native populations.
 - (3) No interference or the air and surface routes.
- j. It was recommended that no change be made in the position of the task force ships.
- 4. In summary, it was recommended that RadSafe conditions be considered very favorable on all points, but only favorable at Bikini shot atoll.

R. A. HOUSE Lt Col., USAF RadSafe Officer

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